Chapter 1(PART 2) USE OF LINKING VERB "IS,AM,ARE"

Q1. What are linking verbs?
A: Linking verbs are verbs that connect the subject of a sentence to its complement. They do not show action but rather describe a state or condition.

Rules for Using "Is," "Am," and "Are":

Q2. When do we use "is"?
A:

"Is" is used with singular subjects (he, she, it, or singular nouns).
Examples:

She is a teacher.

The sky is blue.

Q3. When do we use "am"?
A:

"Am" is used only with the singular subject "I."
Examples:

I am a student.

I am feeling happy today.

Q4. When do we use "are"?
A:

"Are" is used with plural subjects (you, we, they, or plural nouns).
Examples:

They are playing football.

You are very kind.
Q5. What happens when forming questions with "is," "am," and "are"?
A:
To form a question, the verb is placed at the beginning of the sentence.
Examples:

1. Is she your friend?

2. Am I late for the class?

3. Are they coming to the party?

Q6. How do "is," "am," and "are" work in negative sentences?
Ans-
Add "not" after the verb to make the sentence negative.
Examples:
1. She is not here.

2. I am not ready.

3. They are not at home.

Q7. Can "is," "am," and "are" be used as helping verbs?
Ans-
Yes, they can be used as helping verbs in present continuous tense.
Examples:
1. She is writing a letter.

2. I am studying for my exams.

3. They are playing in the park.

Chapter 2 USE OF LINKING VERB "WAS ,WERE"

Q1. What are "was" and "were"?
A: "Was" and "were" are forms of the verb "to be" used in the past tense.

Rules for Using "Was" and "Were":

Q2. When do we use "was"?
A:

"Was" is used with singular subjects (I, he, she, it, or singular nouns).
Examples:

1. He was at home yesterday.

2. The weather was very cold last night.

3. I was happy to see you.

Q3. When do we use "were"?
A:

"Were" is used with plural subjects (you, we, they, or plural nouns).
Examples:

1. They were playing football.

2. You were late for the meeting.

3. The students were in the classroom.

Q4. Can "was" and "were" be used in questions?
A:

Yes, to form questions, "was" and "were" are placed at the beginning of the sentence.
Examples:

1. Was he at the party?

2. Were you at the library?

Q5. How do we use "was" and "were" in negative sentences?
A:

Add "not" after "was" or "were" to make the sentence negative.
Examples:

1. He was not at school yesterday.

2. They were not ready for the game.