

Class - 6th

Subject - math

Date - 23/01/2024

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Lesson - 11

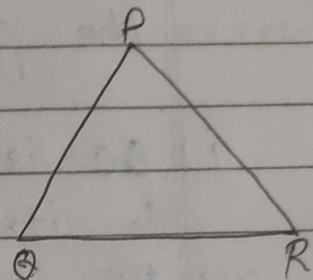
(Triangles and Parallel Lines)

Opposite sides and opposite vertices :-

Consider $\triangle PQR$.

Vertices - P, Q, R

Sides - PQ, QR, RP



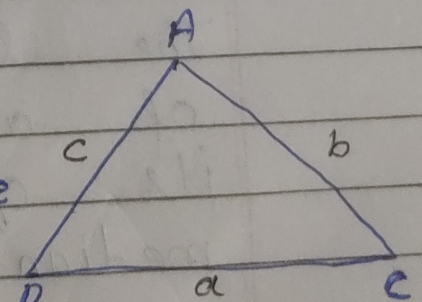
We say, Side PQ is opposite to the vertex R and vertex R is the opposite to the side PQ.

Similarly, vertex P is opposite to side QR and side QR is opposite to vertex P. Vertex Q is opposite to the side PR and side PR is opposite to vertex Q.

Perimeter of a Triangle

The sum of the lengths of three sides of a triangle is called its perimeter.

If a triangle has sides of lengths a, b and c units, then its perimeter P is given by



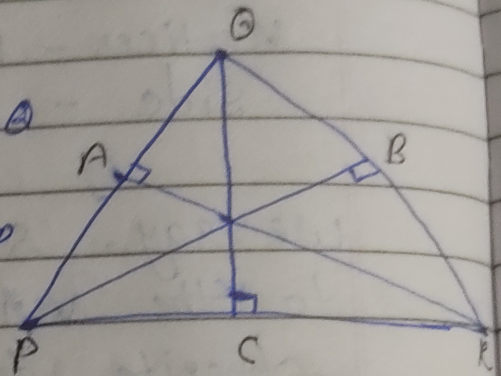
$$P = a + b + c$$

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Altitude of a Triangle

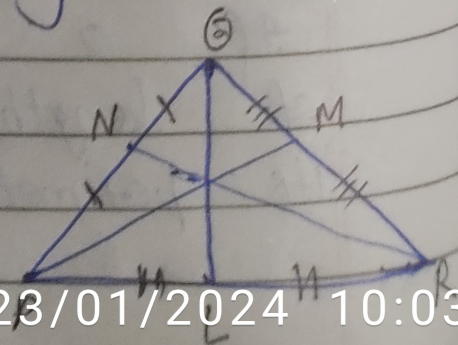
The perpendicular drawn from the vertex of a triangle to the opposite side is called an altitude. In the given triangle

- (i) OC is perpendicular from O to its opposite side PR .
 - (ii) PB is perpendicular from P to its opposite side OR .
 - (iii) RA is perpendicular from R to its opposite side PO .
- therefore, OC , PB and RA are altitudes of $\triangle PQR$.



Median of a Triangle :-

The line segment joining any vertex of a triangle to the mid-point of its opposite side is called the median of the triangle.



In the given figure, L , M and N are the mid-point of side PR , RQ and PQ respectively. Line segment QL joining vertex Q to mid-point L of its opposite side PR is a median. Similarly RN and PM are medians.