

WORKSHEET-A**1. Crop Production and Management****1. Tick (3) the correct answer.**

(a) Preparation of soil involves

(i) ploughing

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(ii) Levelling

☐

(iii) manuring

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(iv) both (i) and (ii)

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(b) Which of the following is fertiliser?

(i) urea

☐

(ii) superphosphate

☐

(iii) potash

☐

(iv) all of these

☐

(c) The method of growing different crops alternately on the same field is called

(i) fallowing

☐

(ii) crop rotation

☐

(iii) mixed cropping

☐

(iv) all of these

☐

(d) The process in which the anthers of female plant are removed at the bud stage to prevent self pollination is known as

(i) pisciculture

☐

(ii) animal husbandry

☐

(iii) emasculation

☐

(iv) cross-hybridisation

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(e) The process of cutting and gathering of crop after its maturation is called

(i) winnowing

☐

(ii) crop protection

☐

(iii) irrigation

☐

(iv) harvesting

☐**2. Following are some pictures. Match them with correct agricultural practice.**

(a)



(i) Threshing

(b)



(ii) Irrigation

(c)



(iii) Ploughing

(d)



(iv) Sowing

3. Fill in the blanks.

- (a) Rice and maize are examples of _____ crops.
- (b) A _____ is used for sowing seeds.
- (c) _____ is used for weeding.
- (d) The crops that are sown in the rainy season are called _____ crops.
- (e) The process of transferring the seedlings from nurseries to fields is known as _____.

4. Give two examples of each of the following.

- (a) Manure : _____
- (b) Kharif crop : _____

5. Answer the following questions.

- (a) What are the modern methods of irrigation?

- (b) What are silos?

- (c) What is meant by hybridisation?

- (d) What are the differences between fertilisers and manures on the basis of their nature, preparation and humus content?

	Parameters	Fertilisers	Manure
(i)	Nature	_____	_____
(ii)	Preparation	_____	_____
		_____	_____
(iii)	Humus	_____	_____
		_____	_____